n = or > 1;

R = organic or organometallic complex moiety including oligomer and polymer.

E.g.,
$$C_8H_{17}$$
 C_8H_{17} C_8H_{17}

Fig. 1

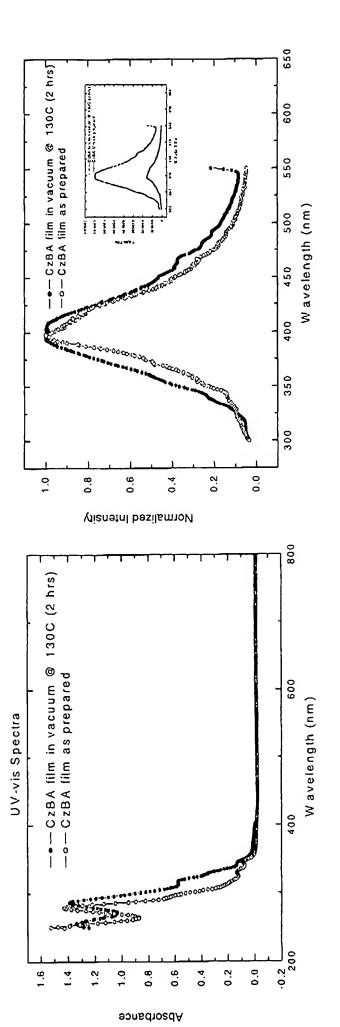
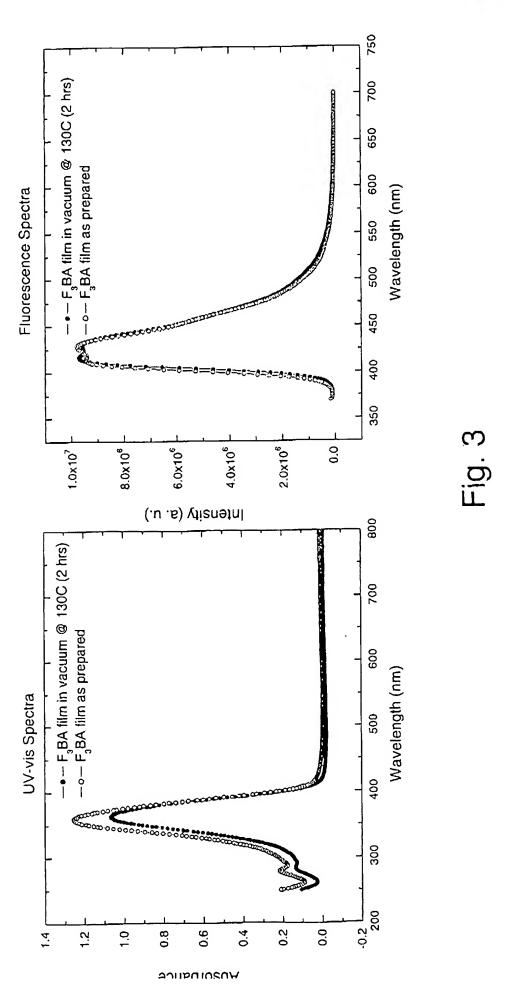
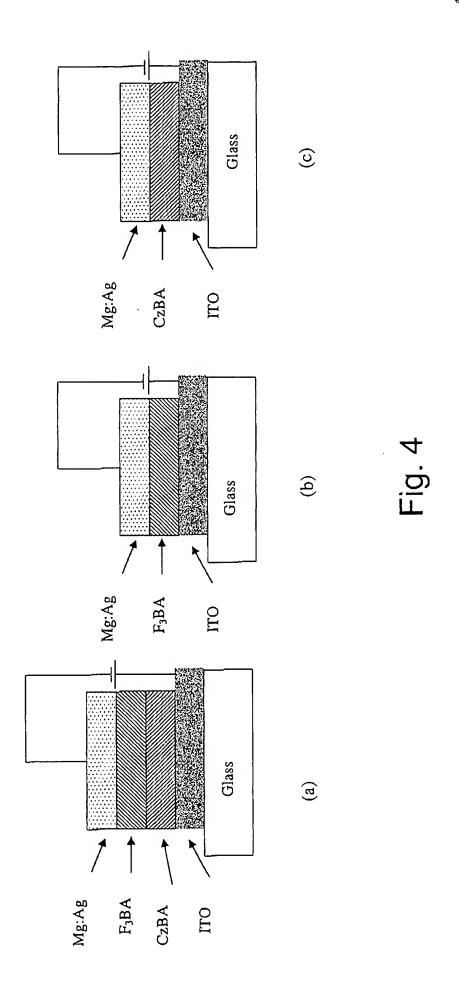


FIG. 2



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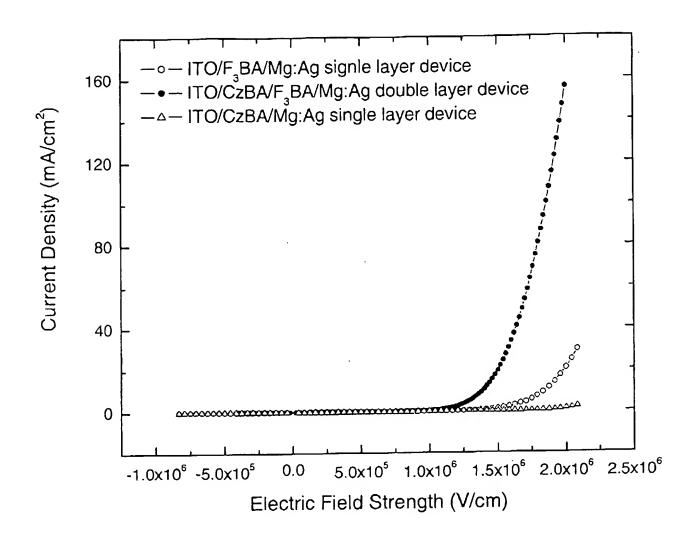


Fig. 5

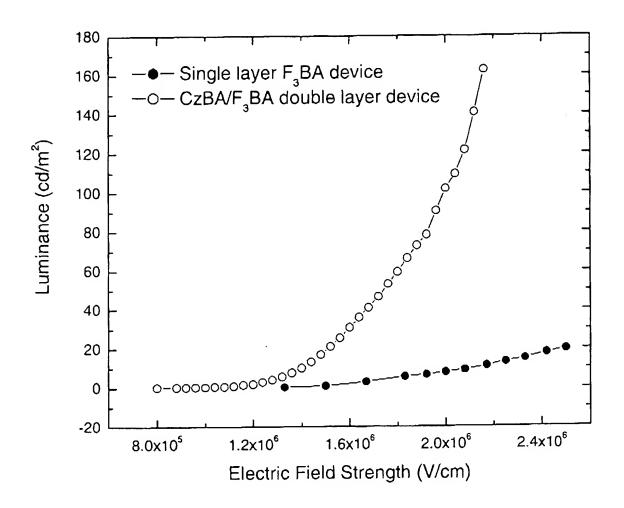


Fig. 6

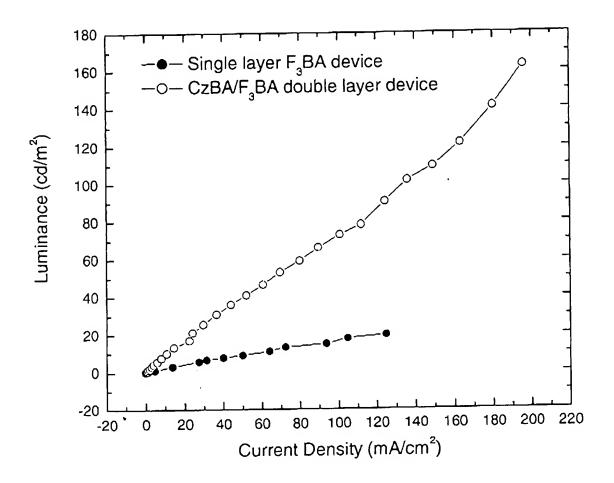


Fig. 7

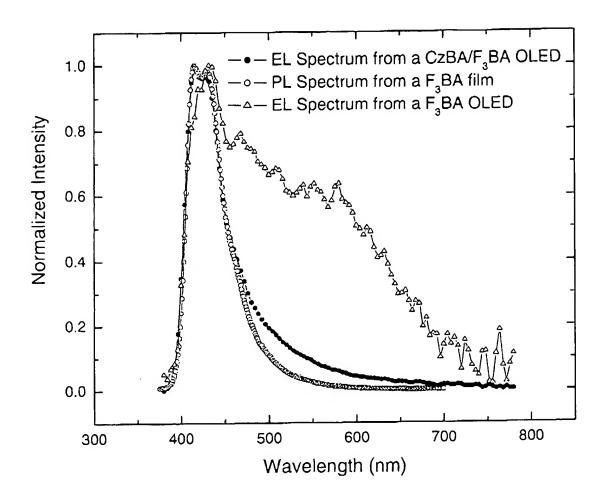


Fig. 8

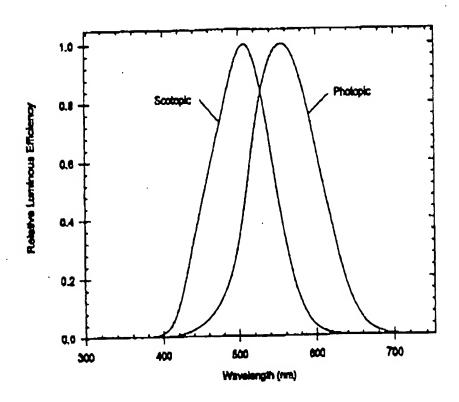
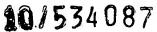
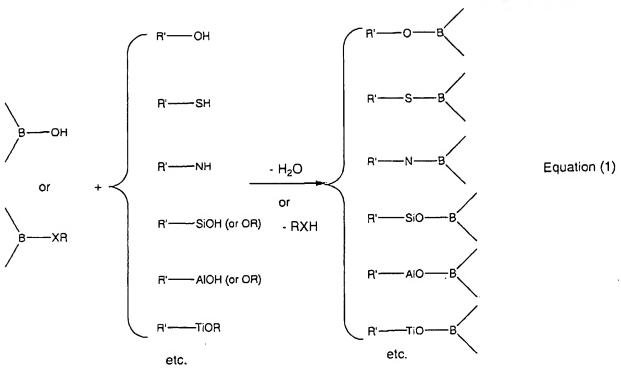


Fig. 9





wherein, X = 0, S, N; R and R' = alkyl, aryl, or any other organic and inorganic structures or groups.

$$\begin{bmatrix} X^1R^2 \\ X^2R^3 \end{bmatrix}_a$$

$$\downarrow I$$

$$\downarrow Or$$

$$\downarrow Or$$

$$\downarrow R^5 - \left[Y - R^5\right]_c$$

$$\downarrow Heating and/or vacuum$$

$$\downarrow R^1 - \left[R^4\right]_b$$

$$\downarrow II$$

$$\downarrow II$$

wherein,

 R^1 , R^4 , and R^5 = alkyl, aryl, or other groups, either organic or inorganic, but at least one of them contains functionality; they can be of small molecular weights or high molecular weights.

 R^2 , R^3 , R^6 = H, alkyl, aryl, they may be same or different, but at least one of them is H.

 X^1 , $X^2 = O$, S, or N, they may be same or different.

Y = O, S, N (or NH), SiO, AlO, TiO, etc.

a,b, c are equal to or larger than one, but at least either a (or b) or c is larger than one.

Fig. 10

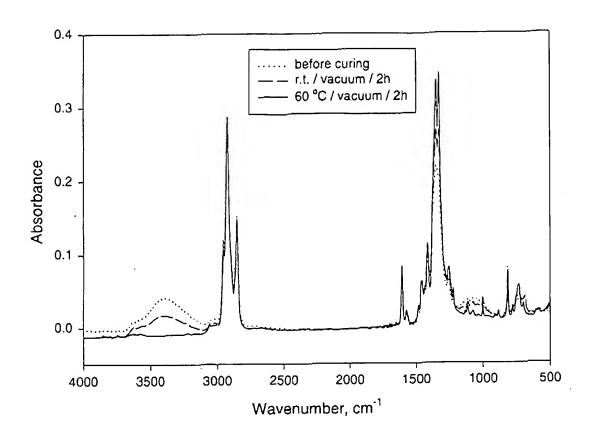


Fig. 11

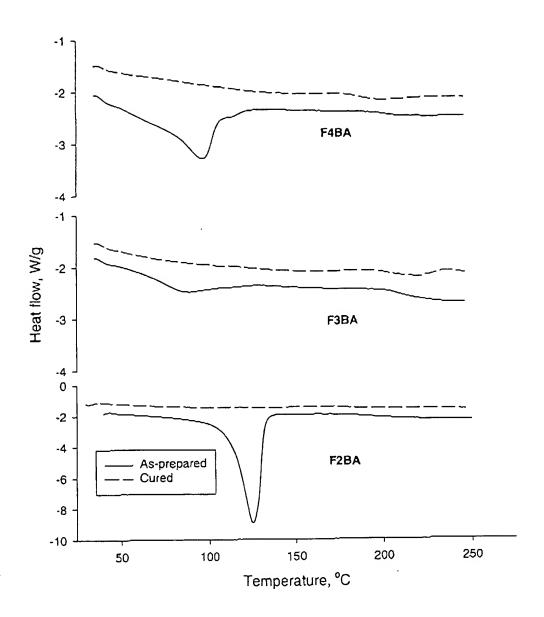


Fig. 12

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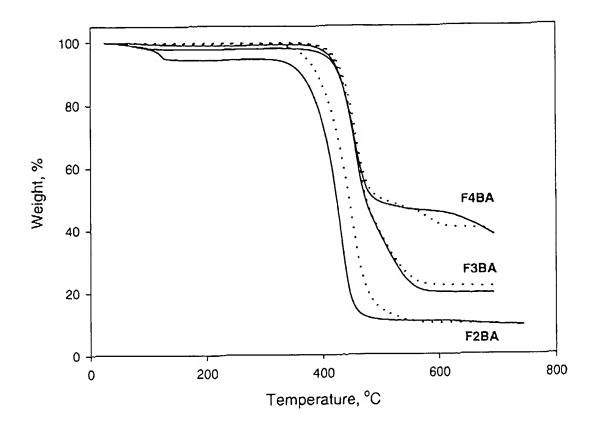


Fig. 13

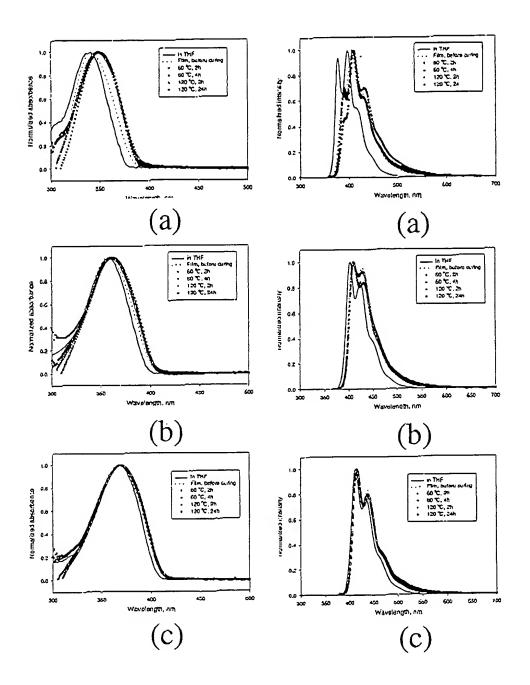
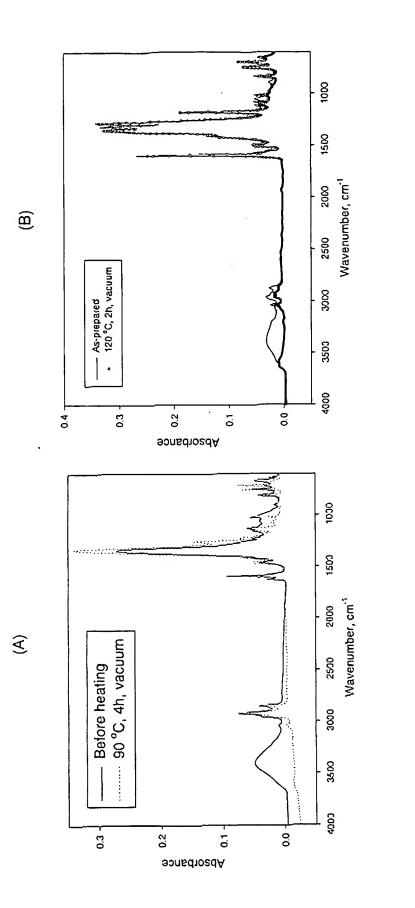
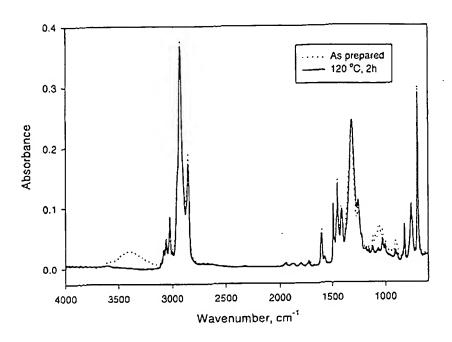


Fig. 14



F1g. 15



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Fig. 16

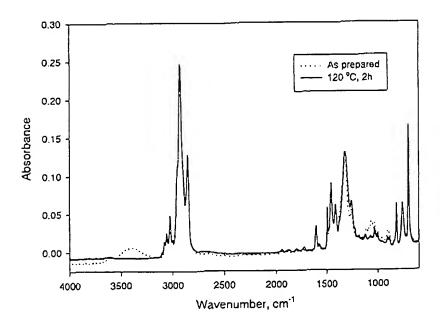


Fig. 17

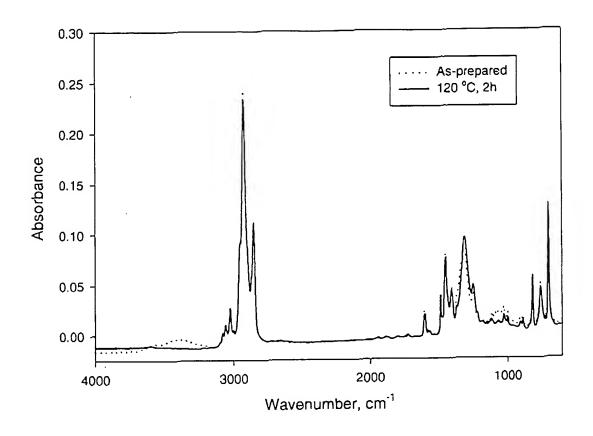


Fig. 18

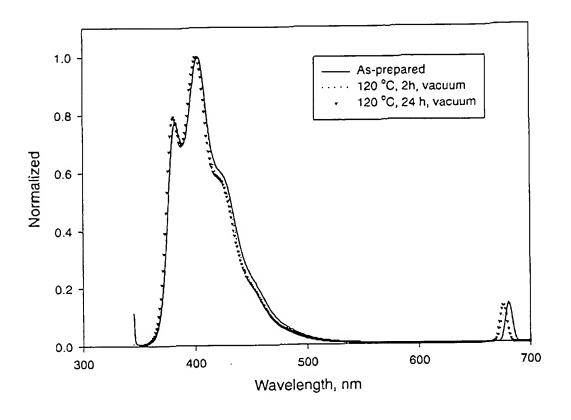


Fig. 19

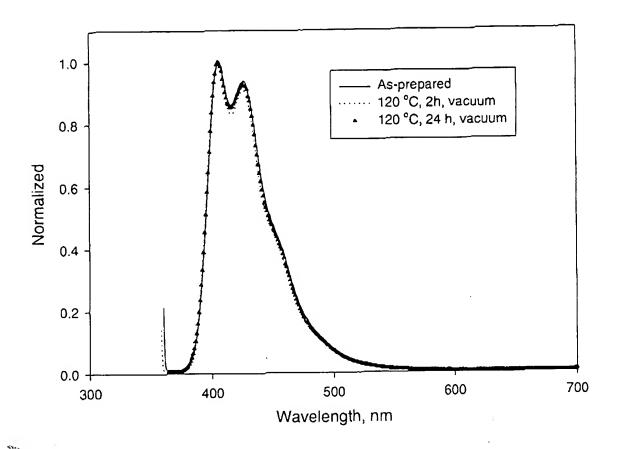


Fig. 20

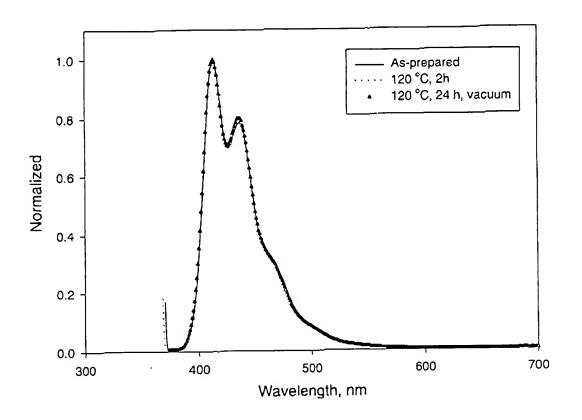


Fig. 21

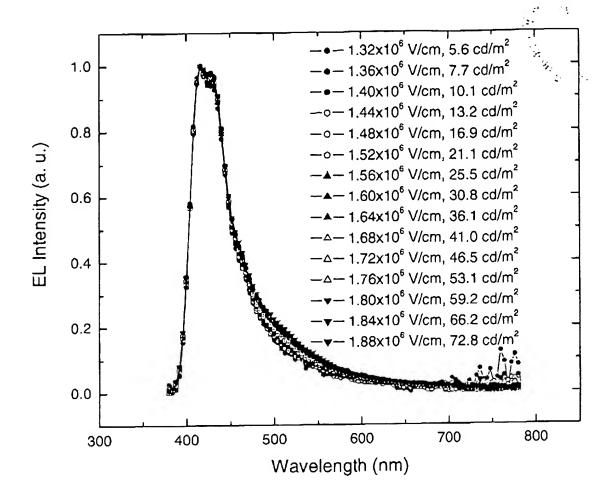


Fig. 22